

## **Employment in Financial Services**

### **Contributing Editor**

Louise Skinner at Morgan Lewis & Bockius

# 05. Do any categories of employee have enhanced responsibilities under the applicable regulatory regime?



#### France

Author: *Béatrice Pola* at DS Avocats

The activities of certain categories of employees in the financial services sector benefit from greater supervision, due to the risky nature of their activity. These include employees who have business dealings with individuals and employees who may have exposure to the financial markets.

Thus, Article L.533-10 of the Monetary and Financial Code provides that portfolio management companies and investment service providers must, on the one hand, put in place rules and procedures to ensure compliance with the provisions applicable to them. On the other hand, they must put in place rules and procedures defining the conditions and limits under which their employees may carry out personal transactions on their behalf.

They must still take all reasonable steps to prevent conflicts of interest that could affect their clients. In practice, these employees may be referred to as "sensitive personnel".

In addition, Law No. 2013-672 of 26 July 2013, on the separation and regulation of banking activities introduced several provisions constraining employees who may expose their company to the financial markets. These employees must comply with strict obligations in their activity to limit risk-taking.

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#### **United Kingdom**

Author: Louise Skinner, Thomas Twitchett, Oliver Gregory at Morgan Lewis & Bockius

Every senior manager under the SMR has a "duty of responsibility" concerning the areas for which they are responsible. If a firm breaches a regulatory requirement, the senior manager responsible for the area relevant to the breach could be held accountable for the breach if they failed to take reasonable steps to

prevent or stop the breach.

In addition, for most firms, the FCA requires that certain responsibilities – "prescribed responsibilities" – are allocated to appropriate senior managers. These responsibilities cover key conduct and prudential risks. They include, among others, responsibility for a firm's performance of its obligations under the SMR; responsibility for a firm's performance of its obligations under the CR; and responsibility for a firm's obligations around conduct rules training and reporting. Firms must give careful thought to the best person to allocate each prescribed responsibility.

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#### Contributors



France

Béatrice Pola DS Avocats



**United Kingdom** 

Louise Skinner Thomas Twitchett Oliver Gregory Morgan Lewis & Bockius

www.internationalemploymentlawyer.com