

Employment in Financial Services

Contributing Editor

Louise Skinner at Morgan Lewis & Bockius

02. Are there particular pre-screening measures that need to be taken when engaging a financial services employee? Does this vary depending on seniority or type of role? In particular, is there any form of regulator-specified reference that has to be provided by previous employers in the financial services industry?



Brazil

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The law does not require specific procedures or measures before hiring. However, depending on the activities the employee performs, specific certification may be necessary.

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Switzerland

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Under Swiss civil law, there is no requirement to apply pre-screening measures. However, while not a statutory requirement under Swiss financial market laws per se, companies subject to these laws apply pre-screening measures to ensure that a prospective financial services employee meets the requirements set forth by these laws. In particular, regulated companies such as banks, securities firms, insurance companies, fund management companies, managers of collective investment schemes and asset managers are required to obtain authorisation from the Swiss Financial Market Supervisory Authority (FINMA) relating to strategic and executive management and each change thereto.

As a general rule, the higher the responsibility or position of a person, the more requirements financial services employees may need to fulfil. Persons holding executive or overall management functions (eg, a member of the board or members of the senior management) are required to fulfil certain requirements set

forth by the applicable Swiss financial market regulations. Such requirements may include providing current CVs showing relevant work experience and education as well as excerpts from the debt and criminal register. It may also include providing various declarations (eg, concerning pending and concluded proceedings, qualified participations and other mandates). Furthermore, financial services employees holding certain control functions (eg, compliance officer, risk officer and their deputies) may also be required to prove that they are suitable for the position by providing, for example, a current CV showing relevant work experience and education.

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05. Do any categories of employee have enhanced responsibilities under the applicable regulatory regime?



Brazil

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Responsibility differs based on the complexity and responsibility of the tasks assigned to the employee and defined by the employer. However, all companies in the sector must comply with financial market institutions, which may imply that employees have a responsibility towards different entities. We summarise the institutions of the Brazilian financial market as follows:

The Securities and Exchange Commission (CVM)

This was created to monitor, regulate, discipline, and develop the Brazilian securities market. It is responsible for creating rules for the market and supervising its functioning. The CVM is part of the government and is linked to the Treasury Department, but it has administrative independence.

The Brazilian National Central Bank

This is a federal agency linked to the Treasury Department but with administrative independence, which aims to guarantee the stability of the currency's purchasing power and maintain a solid and efficient financial system. It controls monetary, exchange rate, credit, and financial relations policies abroad, in addition to regulating the National Financial System. The national central bank also supervises financial market institutions.

B3 (Stock Exchange)

This was created in 2017 from the merger of BM&FBOVESPA and Cetip, two crucial financial market players. The new company began accumulating services that serve the market and its investors for fixed and variable income transactions, among other duties.

The Credit Guarantee Fund

This is a non-profit civil association that aims to provide credit guarantees to customers of institutions participating in the fund.

The Private Insurance Superintendence

This controls and supervises the insurance, open private pension, capitalisation, and reinsurance markets.

The Brazilian Association of Financial and Capital Market Entities (ANBIMA)

This has represented the market for over four decades and is responsible for more than 300 institutions.

The entity's activities are organised around four commitments: represent, self-regulate, inform and educate. Its main objective is to strengthen the sector's representation and support the evolution of a capital market capable of financing local economic and social development and influencing the global market.

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Specifically, employees holding executive, overall management, oversight or control functions in regulated companies are responsible for ensuring that the companies' organization ensures the continued compliance with applicable financial market laws. Swiss financial market laws do not have enhanced responsibilities for different employee categories. Instead, a person's fitness and propriety are assessed within the context of the specific requirements and functions of a given company, the scope of activities at that company, and the complexity of that company.

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