

Workplace Investigations

Contributing Editors

Phil Linnard at Slaughter and May
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24. What next steps are available to the employer?

Switzerland

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If the investigation uncovers misconduct, the question arises as to what steps should be taken. Of course, the severity of the misconduct and the damage caused play a significant role. Furthermore, it must be noted that the cooperation of the employee concerned may be of decisive importance for the outcome of the investigation. The possibilities are numerous, ranging, for example, from preventive measures to criminal complaints.^[1]

If individual disciplinary actions are necessary, these may range from warnings to ordinary or immediate termination of employment.

^[1] David Rosenthal et al., *Praxishandbuch für interne Untersuchungen und eDiscovery*, Release 1.01, Zürich/Bern 2021, p. 180 et seq.

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Vietnam

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After the completion of the investigation, the employer may:

- take the appropriate labour disciplinary action against the employee;
- proceed with legal action against the employee (eg, reporting the criminal violations of the employee to the proper authority or filing a civil lawsuit against the employee before the court); or
- adopting preventive or remedial measures on how to avoid these violations and to mitigate the damage to the company (eg, reviewing internal policies and conducting employee training).

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26. How long should the outcome of the investigation remain on the employee's record?

Switzerland

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From an employment law point of view, there is no statute of limitations on the employee's violations. Based on the specific circumstances (eg, damage incurred, type of violation, basis of trust or the position of the employee), a decision must be made as to the extent to which the outcome should remain on the record.

From a data protection point of view, only data that is in the interest of the employee (eg, to issue a reference letter) may be retained during the employment relationship. In principle, stored data must be deleted after the termination of the employment relationship. Longer retention may be justified if rights are still to be safeguarded or obligations are to be fulfilled in the future (eg, data needed regarding foreseeable legal proceedings, data required to issue a reference letter or data in relation to a non-competition clause).[\[1\]](#)

[\[1\]](#) Wolfgang Portmann/Isabelle Wildhaber, *Schweizerisches Arbeitsrecht*, 4. Edition, Zurich/St. Gallen 2020, N 473.

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Vietnam

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Vietnamese law does not provide for a period during which the outcome of the investigation should remain on the employee's records and files. However, this will depend on the employer's record-retention policies, which must comply with applicable data protection laws.

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