

Workplace Investigations

Contributing Editors

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17. What other support can employees involved in the investigation be given?

Nigeria

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An employee being investigated has a right to be heard before a decision being made by the employer. Further, the body responsible for investigating the employee must be independent, so as not to be considered biased.

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The employer does not generally need to provide specific support for employees that are subject to an internal investigation. The employer may, however, allow concerned employees to be accompanied by a trusted third party such as family members or friends.^[1] These third parties will need to sign separate non-disclosure agreements before being involved in the internal investigation.

In addition, a company may appoint a so-called lawyer of confidence who has been approved by the employer and is thus subject to professional secrecy. This lawyer will not be involved in the internal investigation but may look after the concerned employees and give them confidential advice as well as inform them about their rights and obligations arising from the employment relationship.^[2]

^[1] Roger Rudolph, *Interne Untersuchungen: Spannungsfelder aus arbeitsrechtlicher Sicht*, SJZ 114/2018, p. 390.

^[2] David Rosenthal et al., *Praxishandbuch für interne Untersuchungen und eDiscovery*, Release 1.01, Zürich/Bern, 2021, p. 133.



Vietnam

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It is quite stressful for an employee, whether as the victim, the subject of an investigation, or a witness, to be involved in a workplace investigation. Thus, transparency in the investigation process would alleviate the employees' stress and anxiety. This could be achieved by providing involved and concerned employees with the timeline for different stages of the investigation and regular updates. Further, the employer can make necessary work arrangements to minimise potential interaction with other involved employees so that it would not further aggravate the conflict or situation, (eg, days off or temporary suspension of work).

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