

Workplace Investigations

Contributing Editors

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24. What next steps are available to the employer?

Australia

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Employers must take steps to deal with the findings of the investigation and implement any recommendations promptly. This may involve commencing disciplinary action.

The complainant and respondent need to be informed of the outcome of the investigation. All witnesses who participated in the investigation should also be thanked for their contribution and advised that the investigation has been completed. All participants in an investigation should be reminded of their ongoing obligations concerning confidentiality and victimisation.

If an employer decides that it may be appropriate to terminate a respondent's employment, the employee must be provided with the opportunity to respond and to "show cause" as to why their employment should not be terminated.

The investigation report along with any other materials produced during the investigation should be kept in a separate confidential file.

Employers should also consider whether action should be taken at an organisational level to prevent future misconduct. In particular, employers are required to take a proactive approach to addressing systemic workplace cultural issues in relation to sex discrimination, sexual harassment and victimisation.

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Ireland

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The investigator will usually set out recommendations within their report. It will then be up to the employer to act on those recommendations and to accept or reject the findings (if it were a fact-finding investigation). If, for example, a recommendation is made that the matter should proceed to a disciplinary hearing, the employer should then arrange such a hearing and nominate an impartial member of management to carry out the disciplinary hearing. In some instances, recommendations are made by

investigators to provide training or update policies and such recommendations should be acted upon without delay. It may also be appropriate to notify a specific regulator of the outcome of the investigation.

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Switzerland

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If the investigation uncovers misconduct, the question arises as to what steps should be taken. Of course, the severity of the misconduct and the damage caused play a significant role. Furthermore, it must be noted that the cooperation of the employee concerned may be of decisive importance for the outcome of the investigation. The possibilities are numerous, ranging, for example, from preventive measures to criminal complaints.^[1]

If individual disciplinary actions are necessary, these may range from warnings to ordinary or immediate termination of employment.

[1] David Rosenthal et al., *Praxishandbuch für interne Untersuchungen und eDiscovery*, Release 1.01, Zürich/Bern 2021, p. 180 et seq.

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